

## PRE-VACCINATION WORKSHEET: COVID-19 VACCINE (Pfizer/BioNTech or Moderna)

\*Under the FDA EUA, individuals 16 years of age and older may receive the Pfizer/BioNTech vaccine and 18 years of age and older may receive the Moderna vaccine for the prevention of COVID-19 illness. Provide recipients the following documents: EUA Fact Sheet for Recipients and Caregivers, a copy of the pre-vaccination assessment, CDC COVID-19 Vaccination card and V-Safe flyer.

<b>First and Last Name (print)</b>		<b>Today's date</b>	
<b>Medical Record #</b>		<b>Date of birth*</b>	

- Healthcare workers (HCWs) who receive the vaccine should continue to adhere to pre-vaccine PPE protocols.
- Non-HCWs who receive the vaccine should continue to mask, socially distance, and perform hand hygiene.

### Please answer the following questions prior to receiving the COVID-19 vaccine:

Have you ever had an allergic reaction to a component of the COVID-19 vaccine (components listed in EUA FACT sheet) or polysorbate?	YES STOP! DO NOT administer	NO
Have you ever had a severe allergic reaction from any cause?	YES May vaccinate with 30 min observation period	NO
Have you ever had a severe allergic reaction to a prior injection (vaccine, medication)?	YES Consider discussion with PCP prior to receipt May vaccinate with 30 min observation period	NO

### **Additional question for people who received the first dose of a COVID-19 vaccine outside KP**

What was the date and manufacturer of your first dose of the COVID-19 vaccine?

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Manufacturer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Administration of COVID-19 Vaccine with other vaccines

- You should wait at least 14 days after getting any other vaccine before you come to get the COVID-19 Vaccine. Delay other vaccines for 14 days after receiving the COVID-19 vaccine. It is not known if getting the COVID-19 Vaccine within 14 days of another vaccine will affect how each vaccine works.

#### History of a previous or current COVID-19 infection

- You may receive a COVID-19 vaccine if you have had a previous COVID-19 infection.
- If you have a current COVID-19 infection, you should wait until you are better and have completed your isolation time before coming in to get a COVID-19 vaccine.
- There is no recommended minimum time between recovering from a COVID-19 infection and getting a COVID-19 vaccine.

#### History of unprotected exposure to a person who tested positive for COVID-19 in the last 14 days

- If you have had an unprotected COVID-19 exposure, you should wait to complete your quarantine before coming in to get a COVID-19 vaccine.

#### If you have been treated with a COVID-19 monoclonal antibody or convalescent plasma

- You should wait at least 90 days to get a COVID-19 vaccine after treatment with a monoclonal antibody or convalescent plasma for a COVID-19 infection.

#### Special populations: If you are immunocompromised, pregnant, or breastfeeding

- A COVID-19 vaccine may be administered to immunocompromised individuals, but the vaccine has not been fully studied in this population. Immunocompromised individuals may have a diminished immune response.
- The vaccine has not yet been tested in pregnant and lactating women.
- There is limited safety data on pregnancy and lactating individuals, but based on the mechanism of mRNA vaccines, it is expected to be safe.
- Current information suggests the potential benefits of vaccination generally outweigh the risks for patients who are pregnant, breastfeeding or attempting conception.

**If you have any additional questions, please talk to your doctor or healthcare provider before getting the COVID-19 Vaccine.**